trip was made in fifty-six hours. No accident occurred, although considerable delay was entailed in landing, owing to high winds, which prevented a safe approach to the aerodrome near Edinburgh.

As soon as the Germans indicated that they would sign. the Admiratty turned the R-34 over to the Air Ministry and final touches were put on in preparation for an immediate start. The getawhy was made safely Wednesday morning, July 2, at 1:42 a. m. Grenwich mean time (9:42 p. m. Tuesday. New York time). The dirigible followed the Clyde, then struck westward across the Irish Sea and, skirting the north coast of Ireland. sailed out on her great adventure. The course westward was maintained without difficulty and steady progress was made with only three of her five engines in service, despite heavy headwinds that were encountered all along the route. Off Newfoundland these threatened for a time to cause difficulty for the airship, but by skirting the storm to the north Major Soot, commander, succeeded in reaching and passed Nova Scotia and was approaching the Maine coast calls for help began to come out by radio. The United States destroyer Bancroft rushed to the aid of the airship, but after the dirigible got away from the currents near the Bay of Fundy she made better progress and finally succeeded in fighting her way along unaffed to her scheduled landing place at Rooseveit Field, Mineola, Long keland, at 10 a. m., July 6.

Ship Records Eclipsed

The Basic Roosever ment in determinent fled from Turkey several months ago and their whereabouts is uncortain.

Djavid Dey, former Minister of Finance, and Alusa Metssa Kiazim, former Sheku-I-Islam, were sentenced to the research to the Alles by former Minister of Finance, and Alusa Metssa Kiazim, former Sheku-I-Islam, were sentenced to death of the provent provide provided provide

welope.

After some delay the R-34 took off on her return trip to England at 11:59 p. m. Wednesday, July 9, and after circling over Manhattan for an hour the struck out to sea. The return trip was made without delay, though the breakdown of one of the engines forced the commander to call on his two reserve engines.

108 hours the R-34 beat the fastest rail and steam time between East Fortune and New York by more than fourteen hours. If she completes the return journey in seventy hours, as seemed probable late last night, she will have cut the time of old-fashioned rapid transit almost in half.

### NC-4 Placed on Public View in Central Park Coles Out of Assembly

### Navy Recruiting Is Conducted Alongside Commander Read's Ocean-Going 'Plane

The United States seaplane NC-4, which carried Lieutenant Commander A. C. Read and his crew across the Atlantic in the world's first ocean flight, was placed on public view yesterday in the sheep fold at Central Park. Thousands crowded around the machine. The responsive 'planes felt the tugging of the high winds after the ship was secured, and it was necessary to make the moorings tighter to keep the 'plane in place.

plane in place.
Ensign C. J. O'Connor is in charge of the detail that guards the machine.
Two navy tents are close by, one for the enlisted men and another for the men who want to see the world by joining the navy. The first man to enlist was John Evans, junior Reutenant of the naval reserve. Evans remilisted as an ordinary "gob," with a second class machinist's mate rating. The Sixty-fourth Street gate, Central Park West, is within a short walk of the sheep fold.

## Three German Ships Destroyed in Storm

### Vessels in Valparaiso Harbor Are Wrecked by Heavy Northerly Gale

Northerly Gale

VALPARAISO, July 12.—During an extremely violent northerly storm that swept the harbor this morning three German vessels, including the steamer Tannis, a 6,000-ton craft, were washed ashore and broken up. The German steamers Westfalen and Sais are in danger in the continuing storm, and it is feared they will be lost.

Smaller craft suffered heavily.

The other German vessels destroyed were the sailing craft Petschill, of 3,087 tons, and the John, of 1,974 tons.

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Greek Army Drives

Turkish Forces Back

SALONICA, July 12.—The Greek army operating south of Smyrna, in Asia Minor, is driving the Turkish forces backward, forcing them to abandon guns in their flight, according to a statement issued by Greek army headquarters here. The Turks left the bodies of eighty-four Greek women and children in a mutilated condition behind them, the communique declares. The text reads:

"The advance guard of our Aldin to banderes River, pursued the Turks toward Kerivan. The hard pressed Turks abandoned their howitzers. Our troops found the mutilated bodies of eighty-four Greek women and children in a ravine."

Wilson Hopes Alabama Will

Dutch Upper Chamber

# **Dutch** Upper Chamber

## Death Sentence Imposed on 3 Turk Leaders

Enver Pacha, Talaat Bey and Djemal Pacha, War Chiefs of Young Party, Found Guilty by Court

Two Others Are Jailed

Ex-Minister of Ports and Former President of the Senate Are Acquitted

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 11 .- Enver Pacha, Talaat Bey and Djemal Pacha, investigating the conduct of the Turksh government during the war period

Enver and his two leading associates in the Young Turk government fled from Turkey several months ago and

after the dirigible got away from the currents near the Bay of Fundy she made better progress and finally succeeded in fighting her way, along unsided to her scheduled landing place at Roosevelt Field, Mineola, Long leland, at 10 a. m., July 6.

Ship Records Eclipsed

The balloon covered 3,200 nautical miles in the flight in 108 hours and 12 minutes, or at an average speed of 29 k knots an hour.

The dirigible was threatened with disaster within twenty-four hours after her arrival, when strong winds threatened on July 7 to tear her from her moorings. In the course of the struggle to prevent her blowing out to sea, a large rip was torn in the ship's envelope.

Originally Reform Party

Enver, Talaat and Djemal were the leading figures of the Young Turk party, also called the Committee of Union and Progress, the military camarilla, which seized the reins of the government in the revolution of 1908, and became the undisputed rulers of the empire after the dethroning of Abdul Hamid in 1909. Ordinarily a party of constitutional reform, the Young Turks became fanatic Turkish jingoes and pan-lamistic enthusiasts. To force their tyranny upon the various Christian subject races they bought the support of imperial Germany by becoming the tools and agents of Germany and the Near East.

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### Italian Unrest Abates; Price Control Planned

### Government Trying to Work Out System to Stabilize the Cost of Necessities

# Ratify Suffrage Amendment

Votes for Suffrage

Nontgomery, Ala., July 12.—
President Wilson in a telegram to-day to Governor Kilby expressed the hope that the woman suffrage amendment would be ratified by the Alabama suffrage in Holland. The vote was 34 Legislature, which is expected to vote on it next week.

Ratify Suffrage Amendment Congress of Their Views

Nontgomery, Ala., July 12.—
President Wilson in a telegram to-day to Governor Kilby expressed the hope that the woman suffrage amendment would be ratified by the Alabama Legislature, which is expected to vote on it next week.

Congress of Their Views

WARSAW, July 11.—The Polish Diet voted to-day that all titles should be suppressed. In future there will be no decorations except military orders and no titles except university degrees. No one may wear a foreign decoration ous effort Monday to pass the agriculty from the Diet.

Enver Pacha,



Condemned to Death by Turks

## Wilson Veto Saves an Hour Of Daylight

Continued from page 1

Continued from page 1

This admirable law is now at its height, and was to have been given greater speed and certainty by the amendment to section two of the vocations retabilitation bill which I have to-day signed and which places the whole responsibility for vocational training in a single agency, virtually transferring from the war risk insurance bureau to the Federal Board for Vocational Education \$6,000,000 with which to support disabled men in training at the generous figures of \$80 a month for a single man and \$100 a month for a man and his wife.

Wants Troops Assisted

House will override the President's vote.

"There is no question in my mind whatever that an overwhelming majority of the people of the United States desire the continuance of the daylight saving law," he said, "and I am indeed hopeful that Congress will not pass the rider over the veto of the President.

"It is very apparent that if the law is to remain upon the statute books, its advocates must be fully alive to the danger of its repeal and effectively inform their representatives, particularly in the House of Representatives, full with the House will be taken daylight saving laws, he said, "and I am indeed hopeful that Congress will be approphened to states desire the continuance of the daylight saving laws, he said, "and I am indeed hopeful that Congress will be approphened to the Federal Boord for Vocational Plant in the House of Representatives, particularly in the House of Representatives, full with the House of Representatives of the resident.

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Asks for Revision

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"These serious limitations upon the amount of money available and the uses to which it is to be put involved, therefore, an actual disruption of a carefully built up service at the very moment when the disabled soldiers, sailors and marines now in the country or returning to it are must immediately in need of help. This is a matter of the gravest consequence. It cannot but have farreaching and disastrous effects upon the plan so carefully thought out for the immediate and thorough rehabilitation of men in the service of the country.

"I therefore return the bill with the hope that the Congress will reconsider this section of the law restore the six millions appropriated under the act amending Section 2, and most liberally revise the salary limitations, so that this beneficent work may go on and go on at once. I am convinced that in this matter I speak the rentiments and the hopes of those who have most carefully studied the needs of the returning soldiers and who are best qualified to carry out a purpose which I am sure the country has very much at heart." These serious limitations upon the amount of money available and the uses to which it is to be put involved, therefore, an actual disruption of a carefully built up service at the very moment when the disabled soldiers, sailors and martines now in the country or returning to it are mast immediately in need of help. This is a matter of the gravest consequence. It cannot but have farreaching and disastrous effects upon the plan so carefully thought out for the plan so carefully rehabilitation of men in the service of the country.

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Expect Close Vote

On Daylight Veto

Calder and Friends of Law Azk Public to Notify

Calder and Friends of Law Azk Public to Notify

Poles Drop Titles

Ask Public to Notify Congress of Their Views

tural appropriations bill-over the President's veto.

The repeal rider was tacked on the bill in the Senate by a vote of ten to one. It was approved without a roll call by the House, which has previously passed a separate repeal measure by a vote of 282 to 122. The last House roll call would indigate that the bill could not be passed over the President's veto.

Fight on Treaty

| Occ,000 as her share, although the Commonwealth has been left in doubt as to how she will fare on the entire question of indemnity.

Speaking of the treaty as a whole,

"The impression gained by a first perusal is that it is drastit, but when one's memory goes back over the last four and a half years the view that the victors have been generous to the barbarous foe gathers strength.

Continued from Page 1.

While Continued from Page 1.

however, refrained from voting on that occasion.

While supporters of the sunshine law rejoiced over the President's action, its opponents asserted that the President clearly did not have the information that was before Congress when the repeal rider was approved.

"Congress thought it was reflecting the wishes of the country," said Representative Anderson, of Minnesota, a member of the Agricultural Committee. There is no certainty about it, but I think we can pass the bill over the veto."

think we can pass the bill over the veto."

The veto came as no surprise to House members. Nevertheless the House was not ready to proceed with immediate reconsideration. Majority Leader Mondell asked that the matter go over until Monday, and when there was objection he moved a postponement, which was carried, 225 to 77.

Republican leaders are expected to back the fight to override the veto, as the repeal of daylight saving was a part of the majority's legislative program. When the Esch repealer came to a vote the Republicans were supported by many Democrats from rural districts, who said they would not dare to go home if they voted otherwise.

Opponents of daylight saving said withat while city dwellers took a passive interest in the law, farmers were almost violent on the subject. Petitions favoring the law were far out-numbered, they said, by demands for its repeal.

Senator Calder, of New York, be-lieves there is some danger that the flouse will override the President's

Poles Drop Titles

papers referred to as a conference was merely an informal meeting at the President's room in the Capitol, which took place immediately after the President addressed the Senate, when many Democratic Senators, including Senator Hitchcook, came to greet the President and to congratulate him upon his address.

"I was present when the President met Senator Hitchcock. The meeting was most cordial in every way. The President deeply appreciates Senator Hitchcock's fine support as the ranking member of the Committee on Foreign Relations and will, at the earliest moment, seek an opportunity to confer with him on all phases of the peace treaty."

Senator Hitchcock's statement tele-

Senator Hitchcock's statement telephoned from his summer home was brief. He said he wished to deny as emphatically as possible the statement that he and the President had disagreed. "There is absolutely no friction or ill feeling of any kind between the President and myself," said the Nebraska Senator. He added that he would attend the meeting of the Foreign Relations Committee on Monday.

Secretary Denies Breach

Secretary Denies Breach Mr. Gaddis, secretary to Senator Hitchcock, made this statement:

Hitchcock, made this statement:

"Senator Hitchcock is spending a few days at Swampscott, Mass, as he promised his family he would do after the speech of the President. He will return to the city in time for the Senate session on Monday. The Senator has not relinquished his interest in the league nor has he had occasion to change his mind with respect to its approval by the Senate. For more than four months he has been working indefatigably for the league and he was glad to take advantage of a few days' recess to get a rest on the Massachusetta coast."

Senator Fall, of New Mexico, de-

President.

"It is very apparent that if the law is to remain upon the statute books, its advocates must be fully alive to the danger of its repeal and effectively inform their representatives, particularly in the House of Representatives, of their sentiments.

"As the vote there will be taken Monday, noon, I urge earnestly, as the father of the daylight saving measure, that all of its friends among the people, those who feel the benefits of the measure, appeal to their Representatives to vote to sustain the veto."

Congress Likely to

Amend Sundry Bill

Amend Sundry Bill

The league and he was glad to take advantage of a few days' recast to get a rest on the Massachube bette coast."

Senator Fall, of New Mexico, declared to-day, after completing a careful reading of the treaty in the form originally printed, that so far from difficulty being presented in separating the league and the treaty by the fact that they were intertwined, that they were intertwined, the fact that they were intertwined as one subject.

"The effort to put them together is everywhere forced, strained and puerile," said Senator Fall. "Actually most subjects which have been considered as being under the jurisdiction of the league are not placed there at all by the treaty, but under the jurisdiction of the league are not placed there at all by the treaty, but under the jurisdiction of the league are not placed there at all by the treaty, but under the jurisdiction of the league and the was glad to the sent coast."

was before the Senate. The view was expressed by Republican members of the House that for political reasons they could not afford to oppose the veto.

Friends of Daylight Law

Urged to Petition Congress

Marcus M. Marks, president of the National Daylight Saving Association, made an appeal last night to believers in daylight saving.

(Copyright, 1919, New York Tribana Inc.)

LONDON, July 12.—President Wilson's speech in the Senate presenting the peace troaty to that body is given but scant attention by the press here, most of the newspapers failing to even mention the address editorially or dismissing it with a brief paragraph.

The newspapers consider that the fight for the ratification of the treaty is just begun and are reserving their comment until there is some indication of what the Senate's decision will be.

Envoys Urge Allies

To Curb Bela Kun

BASLE, July 12.—The representatives of the Allies in Vienna have decided that action must be taken against the proceedings of Bela Kun's Communist government in Hungary, according to the Neues, Tagblatt," of Vienna, as

of combined military action against the National Daylight Saving Association, said:

"Now that the President has demanded the retention of the law, the millions benefited by it must act at once. As many protests as possible should be forwarded to Congress. Resting saving the pack the peace treaty.

It is understood here that of the should be forwarded to Congress. Resting the violetches and Lord the peace treaty.

It is understood here that of the first instalment of \$5,000,000,000,000 from gress, fleeding the voice of the people, will retain the daylight law."

Outlay, Says Premier Watts

MELBOURNE, July 12.—"If the bill for the war losses does not include the war debt resting on us, Australia will be grievously disappointed," declared Acting Prime Minister Watt in commenting on the peace reparations provisions of the peace treaty.

It is understood here that of the first instalment of \$5,000,000,000,000 from gress, fleeding the voice of the people, will retain the daylight law."

barous foe gathers strength. The league of nations is the most gigantic experiment ever attempted by hu-

League Means Trouble

Senator, in Springfield Address,

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., July 12.—Senator Hiram W. Johnson, of California, in an attack on the league of nations here to-night declared the league of nations promises peaces to America only upon the condition that this country shall guarantee the status quo of the rest of the world.

Senator Johnson repeatedly asserted that Article X, which has been dedescribed by its advocates as the "heart" of the league covenant, was designed solely to preserve for all time existing governments and their territorial integrity.

"How can any man of liberal views agree to Article X?" he asked. "When I speak of men of liberal views agree to Article X?" he asked. "When I speak of men of liberal views agree to Article X?" he asked. "When I speak of men of liberal views a government's obligation is first to men and women and children.

"The section freezes the world into immutability, it arrogates to those of us who are here to-day a knowledge superior to that of all those who shall come hereafter. It makes the present generation decide the fate of all future generations. It takes no heed of new world events, of ever changing advances and progress. It assumes today to be the end, and that the men of to-day may write the history of to-morrow. It assumes to put the world in a straitjacket, wherein there can be no movement for betterment or progress or humanity. But beyond and above all this, the maintenance of the static condition can be accomplished by the blood of just one nation, and that is ours."

Senator Johnson said that he "iterated and reiterated" that the league of

Senator Johnson said that he "iterated and reiterated" that the league of nations pledges Americans to place their sons under European and Asiatic command in European and Asiatic disputes, controversies and wars.

"The advocate of the league of nations who denies this," he declared, "is either ignorant, or, what is worse, ondeavors to decieve his people."

Referring to the amendment said to protect the Monroe Doctrine, Senator Johnson asserted it was obvious this clause was intended to subject the Doctrine to the interpretation of the other powers.

powers.

"The moment this is done," Senator Johnson said, "the Monroe Doctrine is destroyed." He added that if an American wrote this amendment to protect the Monroe Doctrine "his affection for it was tepid and his allegiance feeble."

### Paris Interested in U.S. Shantung Memorandum

PARIS, July 12.—Senator Borah's request that the United States Senate be given the joint memorandum of Secretary Lansing, Henry White and General Bliss on the Shantung question is attracting much attention in conference circles. While it was generally known that these three members of the American peace delegation disagreed on the transfer of Germany's rights in Shantung to Japan, it was not generally known that they had prepared a joint memorandum on the subject.

All three refuse to discuss the document, but it is stated on high authority that they did not regard it as a protest.

"The Neues, Tagblatt," of Vienna, as quoted in a dispatch from the Austrian

A special courier has been sent to Paris to obtain the necessary powers from the Allied Supreme Council, the newspaper declares

At yesterday's session of the Supreme Council in Paris, as reported in dis-patches Friday night, the advisability of combined military action against the Hungarian Communist forces which

For U. S., Says Johnson

Cenator, in Springfield Address,
Says America Is Pledged to
Maintain World's Status Quo

SPRINGFIELD. Mass., July 12—Sentor Hiram W. Johnson, of California,

Marked Means Trouble

(Coppright, 1818, New York Tribune Inc.)
FARIS, July 12—Oreat numbers of people from all parts of France are thronging the boulevards and the Champs Elysees. Marshal Joffre's part in the parade apparently has been settled. The French Foreign Office gave out a belated statement to-day in explanation of the absence of Joffre's name from the Original programme, and stating that Premier Clemenceau had sent a letter to Marshal Joffre declaring that the old hero's place was beside Marshal Foch at the head of the parace. The crystallization of public opinion

The crystallization of public opinion

The crystallization of public opinion thought.

gramme for the parade, the most in To Celebrate Triumph portant of which is the tearing do Boulevards Are Crowded With limited the numbers of spectators and ileged persons. Meanwhile enterprising street hawkers are doing a lucra-tive business selling pasteboard peri-

A complete regrouping of all summer lines enables us to offer you the following extraordinary values—

Street, Country and Sport Suits Formerly \$75 to \$125-\$35-\$48 The remainder of many lines includes models in jersey-serge-trico-

HIGHER COST SUITS including IMPORTED MODELS - FORMERLY \$125 to \$450 at \$85

tine-bombinette-satin, faille, moire, and other smart silk and wool

## Sheer Summer Dresses Formerly to \$85-\$35-\$45

Of white and colored voile—French crepe—dimity—organdie—gingham and linen, suitable for wear at mountain or shore.

## Day and Evening Gowns Formerly to \$145-\$38-\$65

Of serge-tricotine-foulard-satin, taffeta, lace and net-a large variety of fashionable models grouped for prompt disposal.

Afternoon and Evening Wraps Formerly to \$175-\$45 -\$65-\$85 Of satin-faille silk and taffeta in attractive models, scheduled for

prompt clearance. Top Coats and Capes

Formerly \$75 to \$125-\$35-\$55 For beach, motor and street wear-long and short styles, of velour, serge, twills and sports silks.

Charming Blouses Formerly to \$22.50 at \$10-\$15 Sheer styles in voile, batiste, lingerie and organdie-lace trimmed, hand-drawn and frilled effects.

Country Club Skirts Formerly to \$45-at \$18 Of sports silks, satins and wool fabrics in a variety of fashionable

Summer Hats Formerly to \$35-at \$5-\$10

Clearance of smart street, sport, country and semi-dress styles

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at Saratoga Springs. NSI

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where they will present fashions of the very highest type for all occasions?

STREET, AFTERNOON AND EVENING GOWNS DAY AND EVENING WRAPS SPORT AND TRAVEL SUITS SEPARATE SKIRTS - BLOUSES - SWEATERS SCARFS AND HATS



COMMENCING MONDAY